



Critical
manufacturing
an ASM PT company

Handle Abort Mid Process

11.3

May 2026

DOCUMENT ACCESS

Public

DISCLAIMER

The contents of this document are under copyright of Critical Manufacturing S.A. it is released on condition that it shall not be copied in whole, in part or otherwise reproduced (whether by photographic, or any other method) and the contents therefore shall not be divulged to any person other than that of the addressee (save to other authorized offices of his organization having need to know such contents, for the purpose for which disclosure is made) without prior written consent of submitting company.

semiconductor

Handle Abort Mid Process

Estimated time to read: 8 minutes

The Handle Abort Mid Process feature supports the configuration of wafer classification and defines the actions to be applied for each classification.

It ensures the correct action is taken for each wafer or set of wafers when the process is unexpectedly interrupted.

Note

No special licenses are required to use this functionality.

Overview

This tutorial covers the following sections:

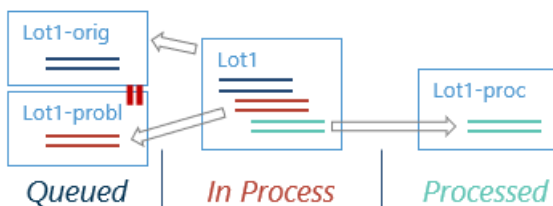
- **Feature overview** - Explains how Handle Abort Mid Process is intended to be used.
- **Scenario** - A simplified example to help understand the underlying logic.
- **Configuration** - A step-by-step guide with screenshots and links to key documentation.
- **Execution** - Using the feature to run the setup and see it in action, including a video walkthrough.

Feature

This feature enables the creation of a Processing Issue, allowing users to classify the processing state of each sub-material (for example, processed, not processed, issue).

Based on the defined classification, the system automatically executes the appropriate disposition actions, which typically include:

- Split and Track Out the processed sub-materials.
- Split the mid-process sub-materials (according to each issue type), abort them, send to rework, and place them on hold.
- Abort the remaining non-processed sub-materials from the original lot.



After classifying each sub-material, a **Protocol** can be opened with a workflow for issue investigation when a sub-material is classified as having an issue or being in an unknown state. Following the investigation,

the sub-material's processing state and classification can be updated.

The corresponding disposition actions are then automatically triggered once the **Protocol** is closed.

A Future Merge can be automatically set to join all the materials back together once the pending sub-materials are reprocessed.

Scenario

Configuration

To assess how this industry and production requirement is addressed, consider a simplified model:

Basic entities like **Step**, **Resource**, **Flow**, **Product**, and **Material** can be configured as detailed below:

- **Step** - Coating
- **Resource** - COATER-001
- **Flow** - Flow_Metallurgy
- **Product** - Engine Block H08-P9
- **Material** - Engine Block H08-P9.002 (this **Material** has three sub-materials)

Note

This is the [Master Data file](#) used to create this model.

Lookup Tables

There are several **Lookup Tables** that need to be configured for this scenario:

1. SemiProcessingClassification

NAME	DESCRIPTION	ENABLED
Issue	Sub-Material has a processing issue	✓
Not Applicable	Sub-Material or Slot was not involved in the process (e.g. skipped material or empty container position)	✓
Not Processed	Sub-Material was not started	✓
Processed	Sub-Material was completely processed	✓
Unknown	Sub-Material processing status is unknown	✓

2. SemiProcessingIssueAction

NAME	DESCRIPTION	ENABLED
Abort	Aborts the sub-materials	✓
Hold	Sets the sub-material group on hold	✓
Rework	Sends the affected sub-material group to a Step-configured Rework Flow	✓
Terminate	Terminates the affected sub-materials	✓
Track Out	Tracks out the sub-materials	✓

Info

This table should not be updated with more actions, as this would require subsequent changes to the actual application code.

3. SemiProcessingIssueActionPlan

NAME	DESCRIPTION	ENABLED
Abort	Aborts the sub-materials	✓
Abort and Hold	Aborts the sub-materials and puts them on hold	✓
Do Nothing	No Action to be taken	✓
Hold	Sets the sub-material group on hold, without taking any other actions	✓
Rework	Sends the affected sub-material group to a Step-configured Rework Flow	✓
Terminate	Terminates the affected sub-materials	✓
Track Out	Tracks out the sub-materials	✓
Track Out and Wait	Tracks out the selected sub-materials and waits to get merged with the remaining ones	✓

4. SemiProcessingIssueMergeOption

NAME	DESCRIPTION	ENABLED
Merge on Current Step	Merge back the materials when all are Processed in the current/issue Step	✓
Merge on Future Step	Merge back the materials when reaching (Queued) a specific Step	✓
No Merge	Materials will not be merged automatically	✓

Info

This table should not be updated with more actions, as this would require subsequent changes to the actual application code.

Generic Tables

There are several **Generic Tables** that need to be configured for this scenario:

1. SemiProcessingClassificationSettings

Define the default action to be executed per Processing Issue and whether a **Protocol** can be triggered. If the Can Trigger Protocol option is enabled, the **Material** opens a **Protocol** after classifying wafers. The actions are executed only after closing the **Protocol**.

Semi Processing Classification Settings (5)

<input type="checkbox"/>	CLASSIFICATION	DEFAULT ACTION PLAN	SPLIT SEQUENCE	CAN TRIGGER PROTOCOL
<input type="checkbox"/>	Processed	Track Out	2	✗
<input type="checkbox"/>	Issue	Abort and Hold	4	✓
<input type="checkbox"/>	Not Applicable	Do Nothing	5	✗
<input type="checkbox"/>	Not Processed	Abort	1	✗
<input type="checkbox"/>	Unknown	Abort and Hold	3	✓

2. SemiProcessingIssueActionPlans

Define the default actions to be executed for a set of wafers based on the Processing Issue and specify whether a merge occurs.

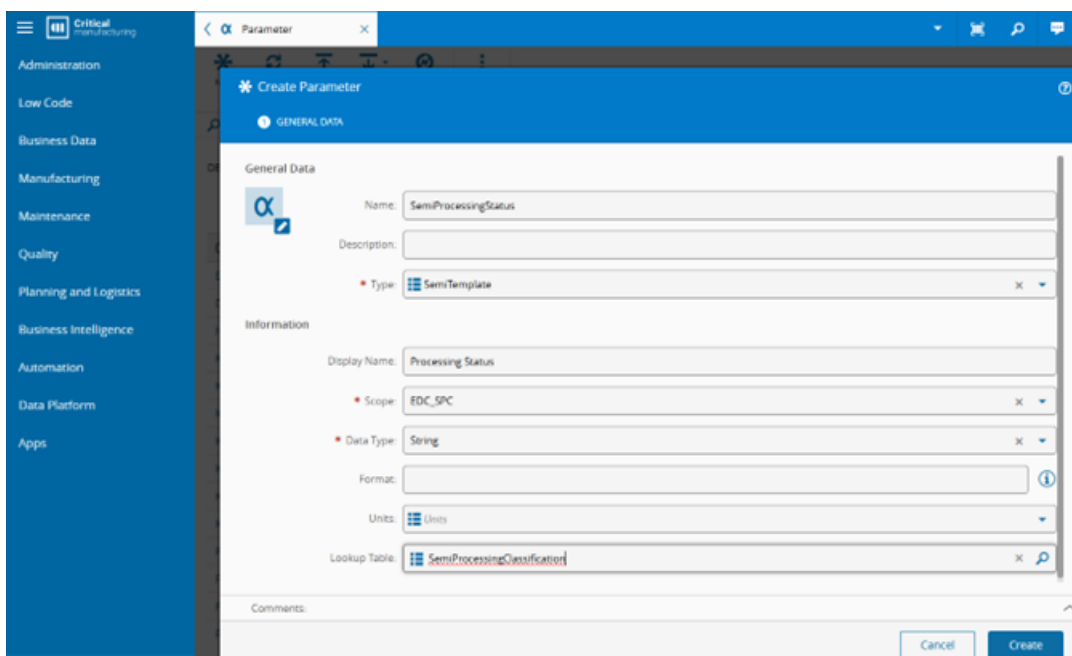
<input type="checkbox"/>	ACTION PLAN	ACTION 1	ACTION 1 REASON	ACTION 2	ACTION 2 REASON	ACTION 3	ACTION 3 REASON	FUTURE MERGE OPTION	MERGE STEP
<input type="checkbox"/>	Abort	Abort							Merge on Current Step
<input type="checkbox"/>	Abort and Hold	Abort		Hold	SemiProcessingIssue				Merge on Current Step
<input type="checkbox"/>	Do Nothing								Merge on Current Step
<input type="checkbox"/>	Hold	Hold	SemiProcessingIssue						Merge on Current Step
<input type="checkbox"/>	Rework	Abort		Rework	SemiReworkReason				Merge on Current Step
<input type="checkbox"/>	Terminate	Terminate	SemiLossReason						No Merge
<input type="checkbox"/>	Track Out	Track Out							Merge on Current Step
<input type="checkbox"/>	Track Out and Wait	Track Out		Hold	SemiProcessingIssue				Merge on Current Step

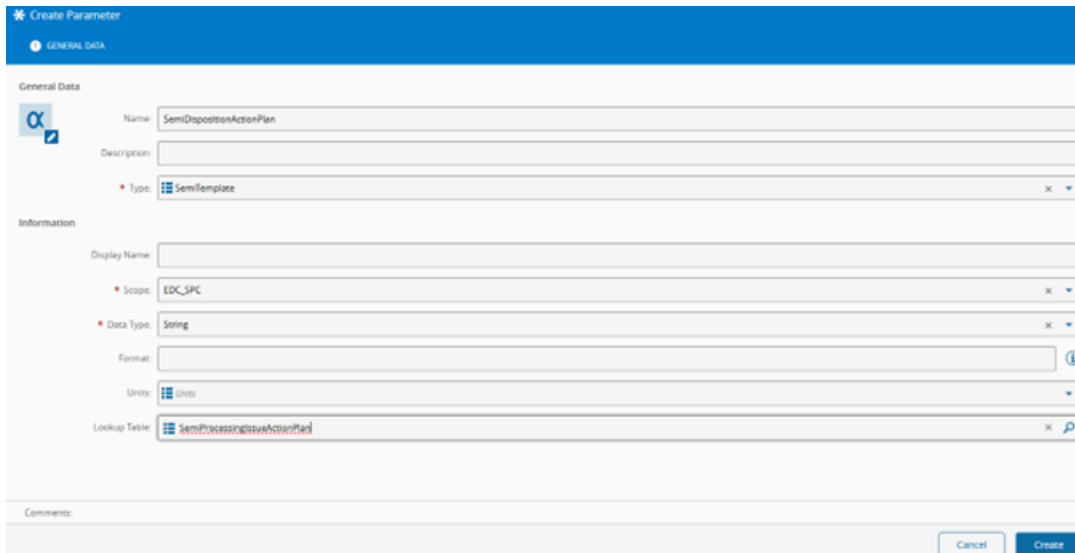
Note
This is the [Master Data](#) file used for this scenario.

Smart Tables, Protocols, and Data Collection

For all remaining configurations, follow these steps:

1. Create these two **Parameters**:





Create Parameter

GENERAL DATA

General Data

Name: SemiDispositionActionPlan

Description:

Type: SemiTemplate

Information

Display Name:

Scope: EDC_SPC

Data Type: String

Format:

Units: Units

Lookup Table: SemiProcessingIssueActionPlan

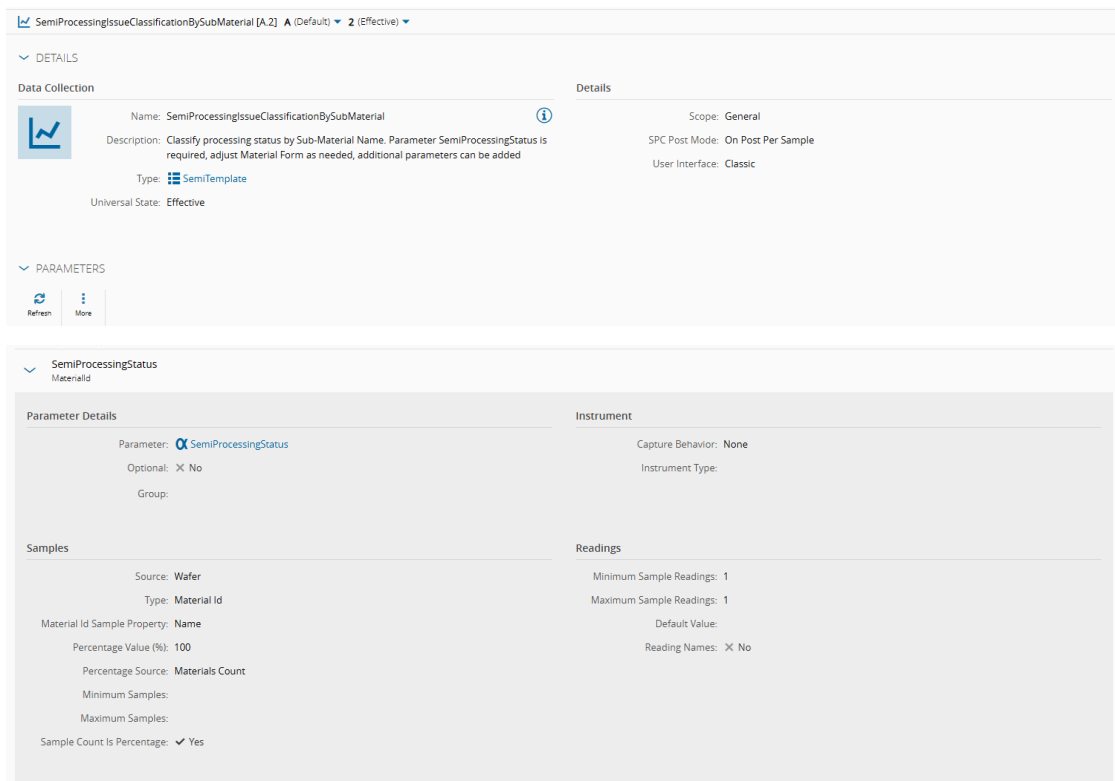
Comments:

Cancel Create

Useful Documentation

- Create Parameter
- How to: Create a Parameter

2. Create a **Data Collection**:



SemiProcessingIssueClassificationBySubMaterial [A.2] (Default) 2 (Effective)

DETAILS

Data Collection

Name: SemiProcessingIssueClassificationBySubMaterial

Description: Classify processing status by Sub-Material Name. Parameter SemiProcessingStatus is required, adjust Material Form as needed, additional parameters can be added

Type: SemiTemplate

Universal State: Effective

Scope: General

SPC Post Mode: On Post Per Sample

User Interface: Classic

PARAMETERS

Refresh More

SemiProcessingStatus

MaterialId

Parameter Details	Instrument
Parameter: SemiProcessingStatus	Capture Behavior: None
Optional: X No	Instrument Type:
Group:	

Samples	Readings
Source: Wafer	Minimum Sample Readings: 1
Type: Material Id	Maximum Sample Readings: 1
Material Id Sample Property: Name	Default Value:
Percentage Value (%): 100	Reading Names: X No
Percentage Source: Materials Count	
Minimum Samples:	
Maximum Samples:	
Sample Count Is Percentage: Yes	

The second **Data Collection** will be used later in the second scenario of this tutorial.

3. Assign both **Parameters** to the **Data Collection** created above:

SemiProcessingIssueHandling [A.2] (Default) 2 (Effective)

DETAILS

Data Collection

Name: SemiProcessingIssueHandling

Description: Classify processing status and determine disposition actions by Sub-Material Name. Parameter SemiProcessingStatus and SemiDispositionAction are required, adjust Material Form as needed, additional parameters can be added

Type: SemiTemplate

Universal State: Effective

Details

Scope: General

SPC Post Mode: On Post Per Sample

User Interface: Classic

PARAMETERS

- SemiProcessingStatus
MaterialId
- SemiDispositionActionPlan
MaterialId

Useful Documentation

- [Create Data Collection](#)
- [How to: Create a Data Collection](#)
- [MaterialDataCollectionContext](#)
- [How to: Add Value to Smart Table](#)

Note

There is a specific Entity Type - **SemiDataCollectionInstanceProtocolInstanceRelation** - to support the Handle Abort Mid Process functionality.

4. Fill in these two configuration entries with the names of the **Parameters** created above.

These configuration entries are filled by default in the system.

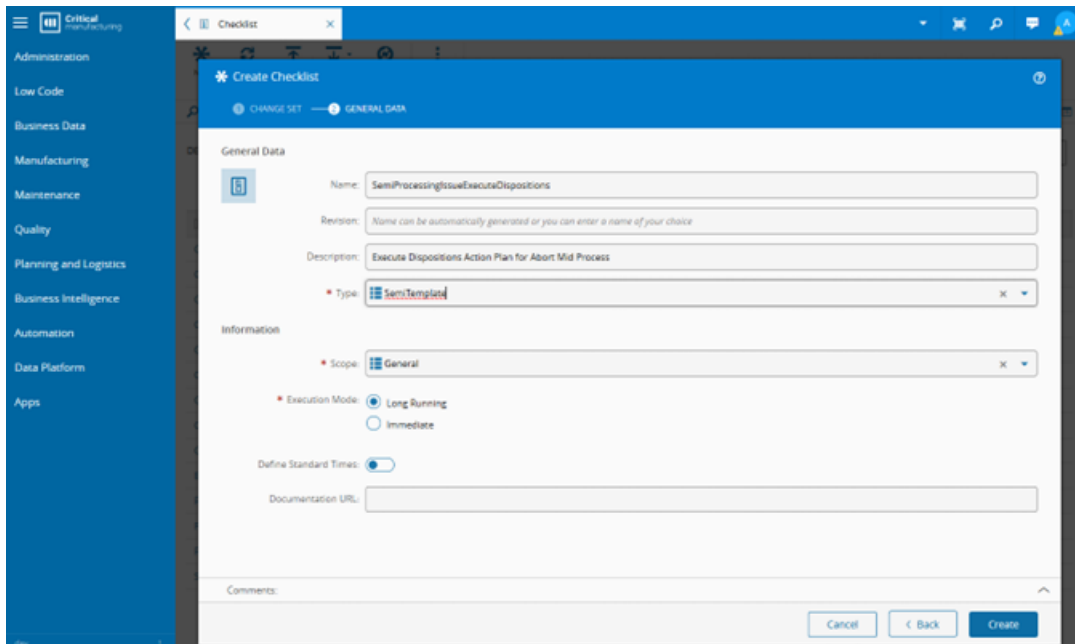
Entries (47)

<input type="checkbox"/>	PATH	NAME	VALUE
<input type="checkbox"/>	/Semi/ProcessingIssueHandling/DispositionActionPlanParamName/	DispositionActionPlanParamName	SemiDispositionActionPlan
<input type="checkbox"/>	/Semi/ProcessingIssueHandling/ProcessingStatusParamName/	ProcessingStatusParamName	SemiProcessingStatus

Useful Documentation

- [Configuration](#)

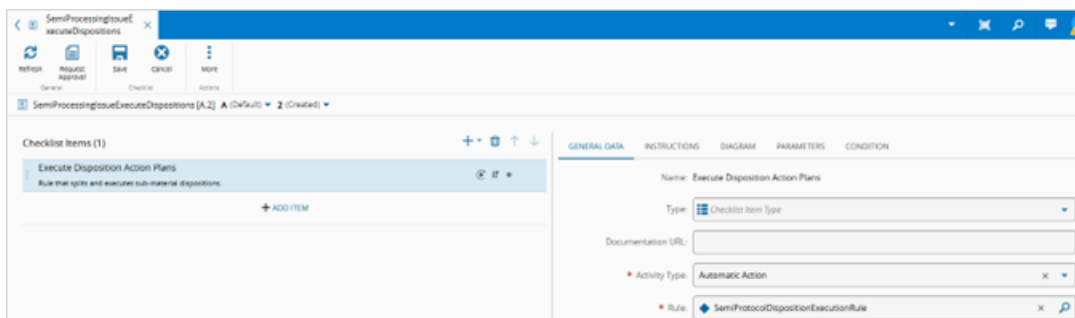
5. Create a **Checklist**:



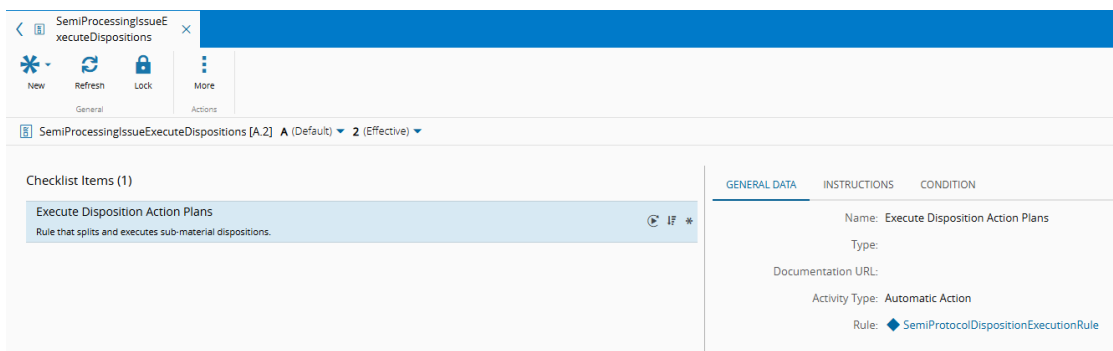
For this scenario, use the following settings in the General Data:

- Activity Type - Automatic Action
- Rule - insert the out-of-the-box **Rule** called `SemiProtocolDispositionExecutionRule`

For the Handle Abort Mid Process, this **Rule** will be automatically triggered when closing the **Protocol** and it will execute the actions defined in the **Data Collection**.



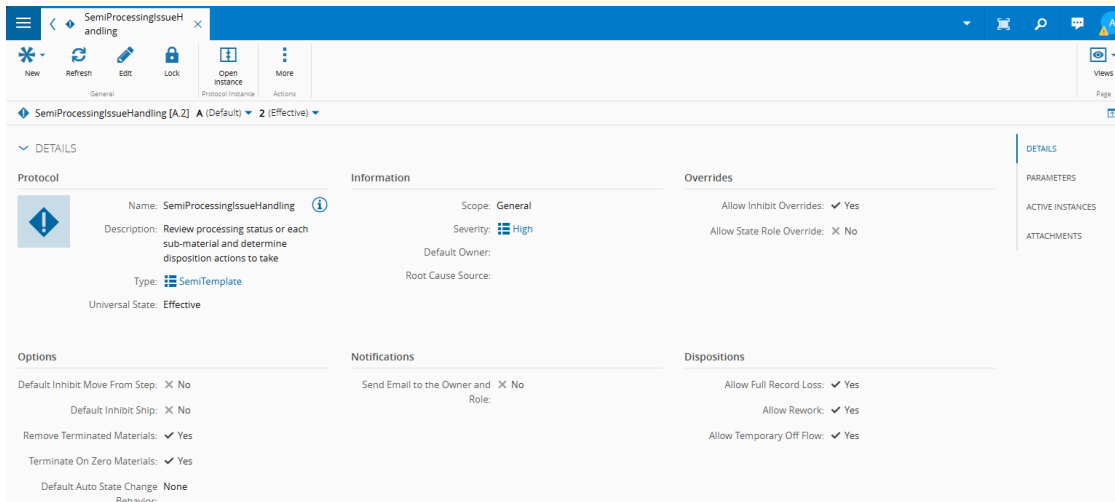
This **Checklist** is assigned to the **Protocol** to execute the actions automatically.



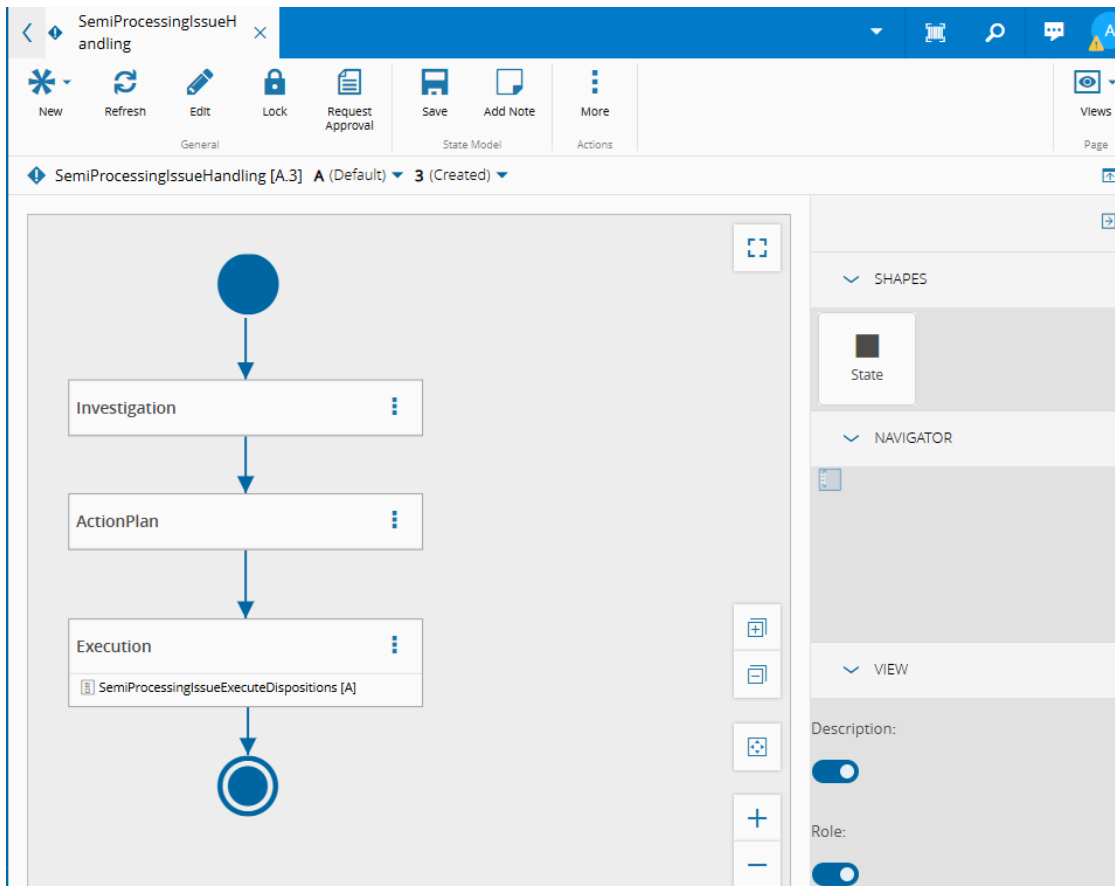
Useful Documentation

- [Create Checklist](#)
- [How to: Create a Checklist](#)

6. Create a **Protocol**:



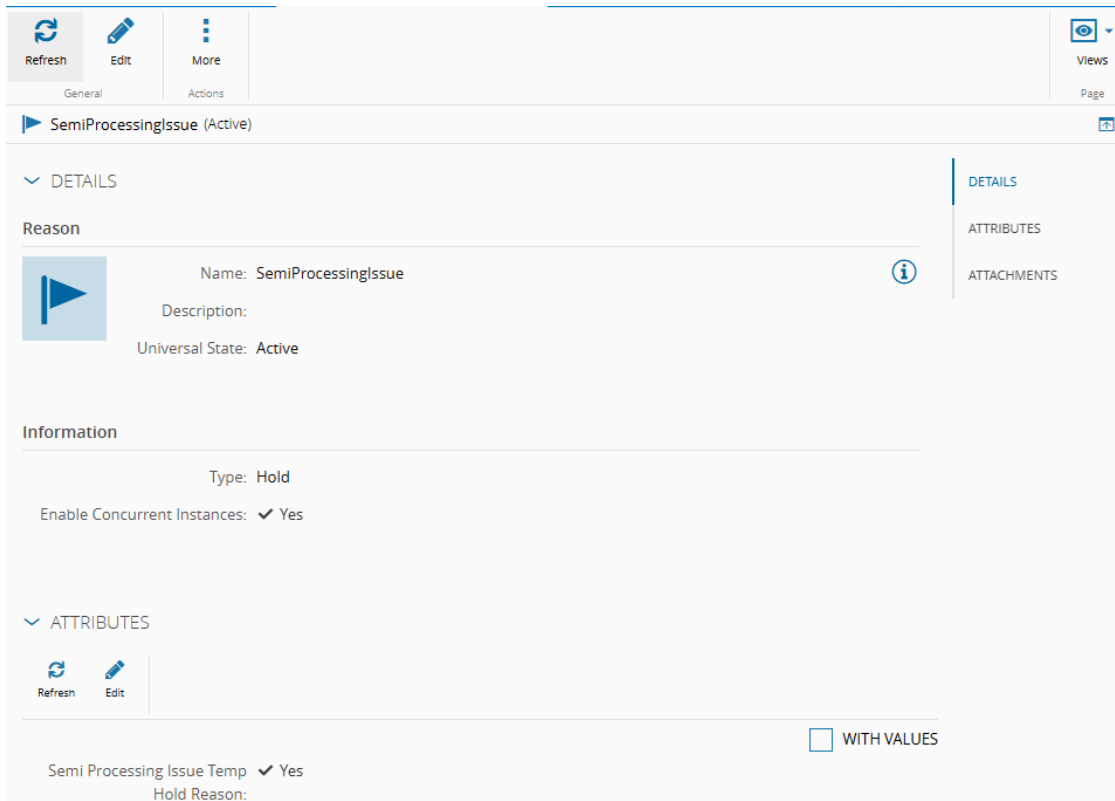
7. Create the desired states of the **Protocol** and add the previously created **Checklist** in one of them:



Useful Documentation

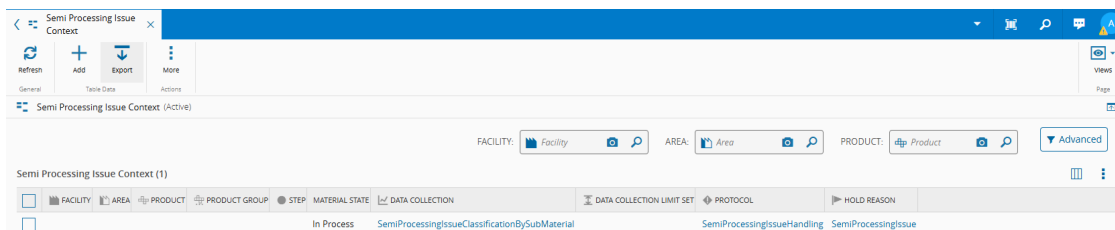
- [Create Protocol](#)

8. Create a Hold **Reason** and assign it to the steps where this behavior occurs. The reason must have the `SemiProcessingIssueTempHoldReason` attribute set to true. This means the system searches for Hold reasons with this attribute enabled when performing an automatic release. This attribute is automatically created by the system.



9. Fill in the `SemiProcessingIssueContext` table based on the image below:

- Assign the **Data Collection** previously created.
- Assign the **Protocol** previously created.
- Define the Hold **Reason** to be used for placing the **Material** on Hold while the **Protocol** is being executed.



Note

This is the [Master Data file](#) used for this scenario.

Execution

This section explores the Handle Abort Mid Process operations. To test and execute this functionality, follow the use case outlined in a step-by-step scenario and demonstrated in the video at the end of the description.

First Scenario

1. In the **Step** `Coating`, select the **Material** `Engine Block H08-P9.002` and ensure the sub-materials are assigned to a **Container**.
2. Perform a **Material** Track In.

3. With the **Material** in the In Process state, select **Open Issue**.
4. Classify wafers according to the classification below:
 - Wafer 1 as `Processed`
 - Wafer 2 as `Processed`
 - Wafer 3 as `Unknown`
5. The entire **Material** is placed on Hold and a new **Protocol** is opened. The system selects the Hold Reason defined in the `SemiProcessingIssueContext` table.
6. Execute the **Protocol**.
7. After closing the **Protocol**, splits are performed according to the previously assigned classification:
 - Wafer 1 and 2 perform Track Out and then wait for wafer 3.
 - Wafer 3 is aborted and placed on Hold.
8. For wafer 3, perform Release, Track In, and Track Out to the Coating **Step**. After Track Out, this wafer is merged back into the remaining lot.

Second Scenario

For this scenario, use the same **Step** and **Materials**. However, in the `SemiProcessingIssueContext` table, change the **Data Collection** to `SemiProcessingIssueHandling` and remove the **Protocol**.

Semi Processing Issue Context (1)										
<input type="checkbox"/>	FACILITY	ARE	PROD	PRODUCT GROUP	STEP	MATERIAL STATE	DATA COLLECTION	DATA COLLECTION LIMIT	PROTOCOL	HOLD REASON
<input type="checkbox"/>						In Process	SemiProcessingIssueHandling			SemiProcessingIssue

1. In the **Step** `Coating`, select the **Material** `Engine Block H08-P9.002` and assign the sub-materials to a **Container**.
2. Perform a **Material** Track In.
3. With the **Material** in the In Process state, select **Open Issue**.
4. Classify the **Processing status** based on the classification below:
 - Wafer 1 as `Processed`
 - Wafer 2 as `Processed`
 - Wafer 3 as `Not Processed`

5. Classify the **Disposition Action** based on the actions below:

- Wafer 1 as Hold
- Wafer 2 as Hold
- Wafer 3 as Abort

6. Execute the **Protocol**.

7. After closing the **Protocol**, splits are performed according to the **Disposition Action** defined previously:

- Wafer 1 and 2 on hold.
- Wafer 3 is aborted.

8. This disposition is executed according to the Disposition action provided during the **Data Collection** execution - `SemiDispositionActionPlan` parameter.

- This parameter overrides the default actions defined in the [SemiProcessingClassificationSettings](#) Generic Table.

9. For wafer 3, perform Track In and Track Out to the `Coating` **Step**.

10. For wafer 1 and 2, perform Release and Track Out.

11. After Track Out, both lots are automatically merged.

 **Info**

For more information on Handle Abort Mid Process, see [Processing Issue Handling - on Equipment Abort mid-process](#) in the User Guide.



Legal Information

Disclaimer

The information contained in this document represents the current view of Critical Manufacturing on the issues discussed as of the date of publication. Because Critical Manufacturing must respond to changing market conditions, it should not be interpreted to be a commitment on the part of Critical Manufacturing, and Critical Manufacturing cannot guarantee the accuracy of any information presented after the date of publication. This document is for informational purposes only.

Critical Manufacturing makes no warranties, express, implied or statutory, as to the information herein contained.

Confidentiality Notice

All materials and information included herein are being provided by Critical Manufacturing to its Customer solely for Customer internal use for its business purposes. Critical Manufacturing retains all rights, titles, interests in and copyrights to the materials and information herein. The materials and information contained herein constitute confidential information of Critical Manufacturing and the Customer must not disclose or transfer by any means any of these materials or information, whether total or partial, to any third party without the prior explicit consent by Critical Manufacturing.

Copyright Information

All title and copyrights in and to the Software (including but not limited to any source code, binaries, designs, specifications, models, documents, layouts, images, photographs, animations, video, audio, music, text incorporated into the Software), the accompanying printed materials, and any copies of the Software, and any trademarks or service marks of Critical Manufacturing are owned by Critical Manufacturing unless explicitly stated otherwise. All title and intellectual property rights in and to the content that may be accessed through use of the Software is the property of the respective content owner and is protected by applicable copyright or other intellectual property laws and treaties.

Trademark Information

Critical Manufacturing is a registered trademark of Critical Manufacturing.

All other trademarks are property of their respective owners.